# CT Children's CLASP Guideline

# **Obesity & Screening for Co-Morbidities**

# INTRODUCTION

Childhood obesity has risen steeply in the last several decades and is now the most common chronic disease of childhood. The impacts to children experiencing obesity are extensive and highly impactful — metabolic and cardiovascular disease, psychosocial, emotional, educational, and financial. Updated AAP guidelines published in January 2023 highlight that obesity is a chronic disease and requires support and guidance in areas of nutrition, physical activity, and change management. It is recommended that patients with BMI  $\geq 95^{th}$  percentile be offered intensive and comprehensive behavioral interventions to improve his/her weight trajectory and to address future setbacks.

Identification of genetic or endocrine causes of pediatric obesity is very important. In addition to rare obesity syndromes such as Prader-Willi Syndrome, there are monogenic causes of obesity to be on the lookout for. Genetic evaluation should be entertained when a child presents with obesity along with syndromic features, or an onset of severe obesity (BMI at or greater than 120% of the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile) especially along with hyperphagia. On the endocrine front, failure of linear growth along with abnormal weight gain is a tip off to consider thyroid or Cushings disease.

# **DEFINITIONS**

Age 0-2 year olds, use Weight for Length; 2yo and older use BMI

**Overweight** between 85<sup>th</sup> and 95th percentile

**Obese** ≥95<sup>th</sup> percentile and/or BMI 30 for older children

# **Relative BMI Measure:**

- Can be visualized on BMI percentile curves if available in the Electronic Health Record, or utilize BMI Calculator here.
- Use both percentile and BMI and classify based on LOWER value.
  - o BMI ≥95th percentile or BMI 25-30 -- Class I Obesity
  - BMI ≥120% of the 95th percentile or BMI 30-35 -- Class II Obesity
  - o BMI ≥140% of the 95th percentile or BMI 40 and greater -- Class III Obesity

<u>Note</u>: Class II and III obesity are considered "severe obesity" and are strongly associated with greater cardiovascular and metabolic risk.

# INITIAL EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT

# **INITIAL SCREENING EVALUATION** should include the following:

- Fasting insulin, TSH levels, and comprehensive metabolic panels are NOT recommended for routine obesity screening.
- Screening Evaluation should be targeted:

	Age	Lab Evaluation
Patients in the 85 <sup>th</sup> – 94 <sup>th</sup> percentile are NOT appropriate for Weight Management Referral; see algorithm		
for recommendations		
85 <sup>th</sup> - 94 <sup>th</sup>	2-9 yr	Fasting lipid panel
percentile		
	10 yr +	Fasting lipid panel
		ALT if family history of steatotic liver disease
		Fasting glucose and A1c if risk factors for Type II diabetes*
≥ 95 <sup>th</sup> percentile	2-9 yr	Fasting lipid panel
		Fasting glucose and A1c if risk factors for Type II diabetes*
		ALT if severe obesity (BMI >120% of the 95 <sup>th</sup> percentile) or family history
		of steatotic liver disease
	10 yr +	Fasting lipid panel, Fasting glucose, Hemoglobin A1c, ALT



\*Risk Factors for Prediabetes/Type II diabetes: family history of diabetes, history of gestational diabetes, signs of insulin resistance or presence of conditions associated with insulin resistance (acanthosis nigricans, hypertension, dyslipidemia, polycystic ovarian syndrome or small for gestational age birth weight) or use of obesogenic psychotropic medications

# **Additional Recommended Screening:**

- Food insecurity screening
- Blood pressures for all 3 y.o. and up with obesity or overweight status at every visit
- Sleep history for patients with obesity (persistent, loud, snoring; witnessed pauses in nighttime breathing, nocturnal gasping, daytime somnolence, nocturnal enuresis, morning headaches, inattention).
  - o Untreated sleep apnea is a significant cause to weight gain
- Evaluate for polycystic ovarian syndrome in patients born female with obesity who have menstrual irregularity or signs of hyperandrogenism
- Depression: monitor for symptoms and conduct annual formal screening for all patients 12 yo and up
- Physical exam and history looking for SCFE, Blount's
- High index of suspicion for increased intracranial hypertension

**INITIAL MANAGEMENT** should provide long-term and intensive strategies to treat obesity and co-morbid conditions in a chronic care model with attention to patient and family centered needs using a Motivational Interviewing framework.

 Implement behavioral changes using motivational interviewing (See APPENDIX B: Weight Management Resources)

# WHEN TO REFER (See Appendix A: Referral Algorithm)

# We recommend a routine referral to CT Children's Weight Management Program for:

Any patient with a <u>BMI ≥95<sup>th</sup> percentile</u>, particularly when a child is not responding to treatment in the Medical Home Setting, serious co-morbidities, BMI Class II or above, suspicion of genetic obesity, or family preference

# **Exclusions to referral:**

- While we do accept patients with binge eating, we do not care for patients who have active eating
  disorder symptoms such as significant caloric restriction, purging, compulsive excessive exercising, or
  avoidant restrictive food intake disorder (ARFID). A referral to Weight Management in this situation may
  worsen outcomes.
  - o In these cases, refer to Adolescent Medicine.
- Patient/family not able to fully participate in intensive program at this time continue to revisit at each visit (see What to Expect)

# When to make an ADDITIONAL referral:

- Diabetes (fasting glucose ≥126 mg/dL OR Hemoglobin A1c ≥6.5% OR Random or 2-hour OGTT glucose
   ≥200 mg/dL) Refer to Endocrinology
- PCOS Refer to Endocrinology or Adolescent Medicine
- Lipid -- See CLASP guideline for Lipid Abnormalities and refer as indicated
- Steatotic liver disease See CLASP guideline for Steatotic Liver Disease
- Hypertension/abnormal blood pressure See CLASP guideline for Hypertension
- Sleep apnea/disordered sleep (at least 1 symptom) (Refer to the Sleep Program or for polysomnogram)
- Anxiety & Depression See CLASP guideline for Anxiety & Depression



# HOW TO REFER

Referral to Weight Management via CT Children's One Call Access Center

Phone: 833.733.7669 Fax: 833.226.2329

For more information on how to place referrals to Connecticut Children's, click here.

# Information to be included with the referral:

With referral, please send relevant laboratory studies and growth charts (including height, weight and BMI)

# WHAT TO EXPECT

# What to expect from CT Children's Weight Management Visit:

- Intensive longitudinal care for a minimum of 12 months (minimum of 16 visits a few can be combined into single day, some can be virtual but not exclusively)
- Comprehensive history and physical exam with screening for obesity etiologies and co-morbidities, with additional studies and specialist referrals as indicated
- Psychologist evaluation for ongoing assistance with behavior changes and mood management
- Dietician to help create dietary changes for a healthier lifestyle
- Physical therapist evaluation for fitness assessment and to create home exercise program Patients will be assessed for appropriateness for medication therapy and/or Bariatric surgery. Medications will not be prescribed until the patient has completed an intake with all disciplines in Weight Management and has begun participation in programming.



# **APPENDIX A: Obesity Referral Algorithm**

# Initial Screening: BMI ≥ 95<sup>th</sup> percentile

Assessment of BMI on percentile curves via Electronic
Health Record, or utilize BMI calculator

- Implement behavioral changes using motivational interviewing in the primary care setting.
- **Refer** to **Weight Management Program** (exclusions: active eating disorder; patient/family not able to fully participate see **Obesity Tool** for details)

#### INITIAL SCREENING

#### Recommended Targeted Lab Evaluation (not required for referral)

#### 2- 9 years old:

- o Fasting Lipid Panel
- o ALT if severe obesity (BMI >120% of the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile) or family history of steatotic liver disease
- o Fasting glucose and hgbA1c (or OGTT) if risk factors for Type II diabetes\*

#### ≥10 years old:

o Fasting Lipid Panel; ALT ; Fasting glucose; HgbA1c

## Recommended Additional Screening

- Food insecurity screening
- Blood pressure for all ≥3 years at every visit
- Sleep history for patients with obesity (assess if persistent, loud snoring; witnessed pauses in nighttime breathing, nocturnal gasping, daytime somnolence, nocturnal enuresis, morning headaches, inattention)
- Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS) if female with obesity with menstrual irregularity, hyperandrogenism
- Depression screening annually for all patients ≥12 years old
- Physical Exam for SCFE, Blount's
- Increased Intracranial Hypertension

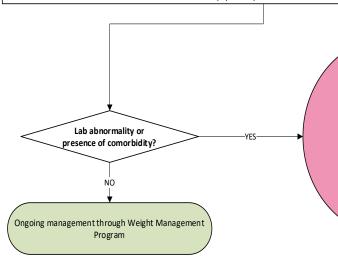
#### \*Risk Factors for Type II Diabetes

FHx of diabetes, Hx of gestational diabetes, signs of insulin resistance or presence of conditions associated with insulin resistance (i.e., acanthosis nigricans, hypertension, dyslipidemia, polycystic ovarian syndrome, small for gestational age birth weight); use of obesogenic psychotropic medications

#### For Patients in the 85<sup>th</sup> - 94<sup>th</sup> Percentile

Do NOT meet referral criteria for Weight Management referral

- Consider the following targeted lab evaluation:
  - 2- 9 years old:
    - Fasting Lipid Panel
    - ALT if severe obesity (BMI >120% of the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile) or family history of steatotic liver disease
    - Fasting glucose and hgbA1c (or OGTT) if risk factors for Type II diabetes\*
  - ≥10 years old:
    - Fasting Lipid Panel; ALT; Fasting glucose; HgbA1c
  - If any abnormal lab results, follow algorithms in pink oval below
- Implement behavioral changes using motivational interviewing (see Early Obesity Prevention CLASP tool)



- Glucose Abnormality (Fasting glucose ≥126 mg/dL or Hemoglobin A1c ≥6.5% or Random or 2-hour OGTT glucose ≥200 mg/dL):
  - o Refer to Endocrinology and Weight Management
- Sleep Apnea/Disordered Sleep
  - o Refer to the Sleep Program and/or order a sleep Study
- Hypertension/Abnormal Blood Pressure
  - o See CLASP Guideline for Hypertension
- <u>Lipid Abnormality</u> (refer to Lipid Abnormalities CLASP Tool for ranges)
  - See CLASP Guideline for Lipid Abnormalities and refer as indicated
- Suspected PCOS:
  - Refer to Endocrinology; or Adolescent Medicine and Weight Management
- Anxiety and Depression
  - See CLASP Guideline for Anxiety and Depression
- Steatotic Liver Disease (SLD) (formally Non-Alcoholic Fatty Liver Disease)
  - See CLASP Guideline for SLD



# **APPENDIX B: Weight Management Resources**

# **Internal Resources:**

- Weight Management Program at CT Children's: (www.connecticutchildrens.org/obesity)
- Nutritional counseling with CT Children's Nutrition (click here or call 860-837-6286)

# **Resource Handouts:**

- See handout for tips on Motivational Interviewing
- See handout for Healthy Eating & Lifestyle tips

# **Other Resources:**

# Child Development Infoline

The United Way of Connecticut's <u>Child Development Infoline</u> provides education on development, behavior management strategies and programs, makes referrals to services, and provides advocacy and follow-up as needed. For more information, call **1.800.505.7000**.

# American Academy of Pediatrics

The <u>American Academy of Pediatrics</u> is a professional membership organization of 60,000 primary care pediatricians, pediatric medical sub-specialists and pediatric surgical specialists dedicated to the health, safety, and well-being of infants, children, adolescents and young adults.

#### Let's Move!

<u>Let's Move!</u> is a comprehensive initiative dedicated to solving the problem of obesity within a generation, so that children born today will grow up healthier and able to pursue their dreams.

# Nourish Interactive

<u>Nourish Interactive</u> offers fun nutrition games for kids, interactive nutrition tools and tips for parents and health educators to use to promote healthy living for the whole family.

# EatRight.org

The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics is the United States' largest organization of food and nutrition professionals, and represents over 100,000 credentialed practitioners — registered dietitian nutritionists, dietetic technicians, registered, and other dietetics professionals holding undergraduate and advanced degrees in nutrition and dietetics. <a href="EatRight.org">EatRight.org</a> is its go-to resource for providing nutrition information to the public. On the site you can find articles with quick tips to improve nutrition, overall health and stay updated on changes related to nutrition and food. This site also provides a gateway to find Registered Dietitians and other nutrition professionals in your area.

# ChooseMyplate.gov

Curious about how to build a healthy plate? <u>ChooseMyplate.gov</u> provides healthy solutions for everyday life. It provides resources to improve your plate and increase physical activity through different online tools and activities. Provides tips for children, students, adults, seniors and professionals.

# Kids Eat Right https://www.eatright.org/for-kids

Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics Foundation developed the Kids Eat Right campaign dedicated to promoting healthy today and tomorrow for kids and families. This is a great reference for nutritional information and recipes. There are subsections targeted to age ranges from babyhood through teen years.



