| Medication†                                       | Dose                                    | Max Daily<br>Dose                                      | Onset of Action                             | Relative Contraindications  | Comments  | Side Effects  |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| Diphenhydramine<br>[Benadryl]<br>(antihistaminic) | Child 25-50 kg:<br>25 mg PO/IM          | 100 mg   | ~1-2 hours  May repeat one dose in 4 hours. | Prior paradoxical response,<br>developmental delay or<br>current anticholinergic/TCA<br>medication            | May cause paradoxical reaction in children with neurodevelopmental differences (e.g. autism) and may worsen delirium                                  | Sedation  |
|   | Adolescent >50 kg:<br>50 mg PO/IM       | 200 mg   |   |   |   |   |
| Lorazepam<br>[Ativan]<br>(benzodiazepine)         | Child 25-50 kg:<br>0.5-1 mg PO/IM/IV    | 4 mg   | IV: ~15-20 min<br>PO: ~30 min               | Disinhibition, respiratory instability  | Higher/frequent doses of<br>benzodiazepines can lead to<br>idiosyncratic reactions including<br>disinhibition +/- delirium                            | Respiratory<br>depression,<br>disinhibition   |
|   | Adolescent >50 kg:<br>1-2 mg PO/IM/IV   | 8 mg   | May repeat one dose in 60min.               |   |   |   |
| Clonidine<br>[Catapres]<br>(alpha 2 agonist)      | 0.05 mg-0.1 mg PO                       | 3 doses  | 30-60 min  May repeat one dose in 6 hours.  | Hypotension, bradycardia  | Consider in patients that may be undergoing opioid withdrawal Avoid giving with benzodiazepines or atypical antipsychotics due to risk of hypotension | Hypotension,<br>bradycardia   |
| Olanzapine [Zyprexa] (antipsychotic)              | Child 25-50 kg:<br>2.5 mg PO/ODT or IM  | 10 mg*   | ~15 min  May repeat one dose in 60 min.     | QTc >500 use with caution,<br>anticholinergic intoxication,<br>active seizure disorder                        | Do NOT use within 1 hour of IV benzodiazepine (e.g. lorazepam) administration due to risk of cardiorespiratory depression.                            | QTc prolongation,<br>extrapyramidal<br>symptoms<br>including acute<br>dystonic reaction |
|   | Adolescent >50 kg:<br>5 mg PO/ODT or IM | 20 mg*   |   |   |   |   |
| Risperidone<br>[Risperdal]<br>(antipsychotic)     | Child 25-50 kg:<br>0.25 mg-0.5 mg PO    | 1-2 mg*  | 60 min  May repeat one dose in 6 hours.     | QTc >500 use with caution   |   |   |
|   | Adolescent >50 kg:<br>0.5-1 mg PO       | 2-3 mg*  |   |   |   |   |
| Quetiapine<br>[Seroquel]<br>(antipsychotic)       | 0.5 mg/kg/dose PO                       | 1.5 mg/kg/day<br>or 150 mg*<br>( max 25-50<br>mg/dose) | 30-60 min  May repeat one dose in 6 hours.  | QTc >500 use with caution   |   |   |
| Haloperidol<br>[Haldol]<br>(antipsychotic)        | Child 25-50 kg:<br>1-2 mg IM            | 3 -6 mg*<br>or 3 doses                                 | 15 min  May repeat one dose in 6 hours      | QTc >500 use with caution<br>anticholinergic intoxication,<br>active seizure disorder,<br>withdrawal syndrome | Do NOT use IV. Administer concurrently with diphenhydramine   |   |
|   | Adolescent >50 kg:<br>2.5-5 mg IM       | 7.5-15 mg*<br>or 3 doses                               |   |   | If patient >70 kg, with severe agitation consider addition of lorazepam 2 mg IV   |   |

<sup>\*</sup> Consider previous medications (including home medications) that have yielded positive or negative response. If on a prescribed anti-psychotic, consider administering early or giving an extra dose. Review current or recent medications for drug interactions. If inadequate response from multiple doses, consider an additional medication class. Max dose depends on antipsychotic exposure history as patient may tolerate higher doses.







